

WITHIN THE UNITED STATES ONLY

ENGLISH IMPORTANT INFORMATION ON HARVEST® BONE MARROW ASPIRATE CONCENTRATE (BMAC®2) PROCEDURE PACK

INDICATIONS The SmartPrep® Bon Marrow Procedure Pack used in conjunction with the SmartPrep® Centrifuge System is intend I laboratory or intra-operatively at the point of care for the safe and rapid preparation of a cell The SmartPrep® Bone M to be used in the clinical concentrate from bone n

- CONTRAINDICATIONS Heparin sodium should not be used in patients in the following situatio
- If the patient has a hypersensitivity to heparin.
- . If the patient has an uncontrollable ac ding state, except when this is due to dis e ble
- If there is an inability to perform suitable blood coagulation testing, such as whole blood clotting time, partial thromboplastin time, etc., at the required intervals. ere is usually no need to monitor the effect of low-dose heparin in patients with normal coagulation parameter T

WARNINGS

- tricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician. The physician (U.S.) n e of ti
- Plasma, platelets, and cell concentrate p with this syst ot inten
- For bone marrow aspirate concentrate (BMAC) processing, the safety and effectiveness of this device for in vivo indications for use has not been established. З.
- This device is only intended for use on a single patient during a single procedure, and it should not be used for multiple patients. 4.
- Do Not Reuse/Not for Reuse: Globus Medical products bearing the "Do Not Reuse" symbol are intended for sin use only and are not intended to be reused or re-sterilized in any manner. Globus Medical cannot ensure the functionality or sterility of the product if it is reused or re-sterilized. use of a single-use product could result in: 5.
- · Product performance issues due to a loss of product integrity, including but not limited to the following:
 - Fluid I
 - Parts that are warped or deformed
 - Plastics that are brittle and discolored
- Filters that have reduced filtration cap
- Exposure to excessive ethylene oxide (EO) residuals
- Viral infections such as hepatitis or h imm deficiency vir
- Bacterial infections
- Cross-contamination
 - ny of these risks could result in serious injury or death. Th cipients of end products of the device. ese risks are shared by product us s, donoi rs, patie

CAUTIONS 1. Do not use if the packaging is open or damaged.

- Use assptic technique throughout all procedures to ensure patient safety or product quality. Always follow aseptic technique when entering a sterile container; wipe all ACD-A access sites and process disposable chamber access sites (white and red ports) with an alcohol pad prior to entry, to maintain sterility a avoid containation.
- r you are pa ue wh sing compo nts into the st
- Do not pass the packaging of the sterile components into the sterile field. 5.
- 6. All bone marrow components should be handled as infectious. To minimize the potential for exposure to blo pathogens, observe universal precautions when handling blood and blood components.
- pathogens, observe universal precautions when nanoing blood and blood and blood and blood Disposables that have come in contact with hope marrow should be considered bloatzardous waste and should handled and disposed of in accordance with applicable regulations and your institution's standard operating procedures (SOP8). Incineration and decontamination by autoclaving are the currently recommended methods for disposing of bone marrow samples and bone marrow products. Separated bone marrow products should be used within four (4) hours of collection. hould h
- After processing on the SmartPrep[®] Centrifuge System, make sure the process disposable is properly supported an upright position. Tilting or tipping it could cause fluids to spill from one chamber into another and affect process 9.
- 10. To ensure that the system is balanced when you load a process disposable, always load either another process disposable of equal volume or a corresponding balance weight in the opposite rotor bucket.
- 11. If the system is not loaded properly, an imbalance will occur, and the system will stop the processing cycle
- 12. Do not force a process disposable into a rotor bucket. A process disposable should fit snugly but should not require excessive force to install, if there is resistance, check for obstructions in the rotor and/or debris on the proce disposable, and ensure that the process disposable is properly rointed in the rotor bucket.
- 13. To ensure proper device operation, allow the procedure pack or kit to come to room temperature before 14. Clean and disinfect the SmartPrep[®] Centrifuge System after each use and between uses. Please refer to the SmartPrep[®] Centrifuge System Operator's Manual for cleaning and disinfecting.
- 15. The BMAC® Procedure Packs should only be used with the SmartPrep Centrifuge System

PROCEDURE PACK COMPONENTS

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sterile field.

Caution: Follow sterile technique whenever you are passing components into the steril Caution: Do not pass the packaging of the sterile components into the sterile field. Caution: Ensure all required components from the table below are present in the applile begin the procedure. e pa k before ya

BMAC[®] Aspiration Kit

51416 (BMAC2-30-07)	51417 (BMAC2-60-07)	51418 (BMAC2-120-07)	-120-07) Component	
-	-	2 60 mL BMA Vacuum Pressure Aspiration Syringe		
-	-	4	30 mL BMA Vacuum Pressure Aspiration Syringe	
-	-	2 20 mL ACD-A Receive Syringe with Female-Female Luer Lock Connecto		
-	-	2	20 mL BMAC® Receive Syringe with Female-Female Luer Lock Connector	

51416 (BMAC2-30-07)	51417 (BMAC2-60-07)	51418 (BMAC2-120-07)	Component
-	1	2	60 mL Process Disposable
1	-	-	30 mL Process Disposable
-	1	2	30 mL Plasma Syringe with Blunt Cannula and Spacers
1	-	-	20 mL Plasma Syringe with Blunt Cannula and Spacers
1	-	-	10 mL BMAC® Syringe with Blunt Cannula
-	1	-	20 mL BMAC® Syringe with Blunt Cannula
-	-	2	30 mL BMAC® Syringe with Blunt Cannula

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51416 (BMAC2-30-07)	51417 (BMAC2-60-07)	51418 (BMAC2-120-07)	Component
1	1	1	10 mL ACD-A Transfer Syringe
2	2	1	Blunt Fill Needle (red, used with ACD- A Syringe)
-	-	2	60 mL BMA Transfer Syringe
-	-	2	Blunt Plastic Cannula (used with BMA Transfer Syringe)
1	1	1	Patient Label Sheet (6 labels)
1	1	2	Bone Marrow Aspiration (BMA) Needle 11 G (Blunt and Sharp Stylets)
1	1	1	300 mL MarrowPrep® Filter Bag
1	1	1	ACD-A, 30 mL
2	2	-	Alcohol Pad
1	1	-	20 mL Syringe
1	1	-	Sterile Convenience Kit

ig Diagram • Filter Ba



- Needleless access input valve (referred to thre these instructions as the input valve)
- Needleless access output valve (referred to throughout these instructions as the output valve)

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

Refer to the SmartPrep[®] Centrifuge System operator's manual for additional information conce Centrifuge System operation and maintenance, contraindication, warnings, and cautions. erning Sn

Bone marrow should be collected only by qualified medical professionals using asspirate technique and an appropriate anticeagulant, such as Anticeagulant Citrate Dextress Solution A (ACD-A). To maximize the bone marrow-derived coll concentration and minimize the dilution of the bone marrow with peripheral blood, limit the aspiration volume per puncture.

For best results, collect the bone marrow in syringes coated with heparin. The heparin/sodium chloride solution referred to in the following instructions consists of a minimum of 25 mL of heparin/sodium chloride in a concentration of 2000 ML. ML. Refer to the Instructions for Use accompanying the aspiration needs for additional instructions and information.

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PREPARING THE ASPIRATION SYRINGES AND THE ASPIRATION NEEDLES 1. Remove all outer component packaging.

- 2. Pass the contents of the BMAC® Procedure Pack into the sterile field.
- з. Transfer a minimum of 25 mL of heparin/sodium chloride solution to a suitable container
- Rinse the BMA aspiration syringes with the heparin/sodium chloride solution
- 5. Ensure that the heparin/sodium chloride solution has coated all surfaces of the syringes that will contact the bor
- Binse both the sharp and blunt BMA aspiration needles with the beparin 6. odium chloride solu
- sure that the heparin/sodium chloride solution has co rrow, including the lumens. ed all surfaces of the ne dles that will contact the bo
- Return any remaining heparin/sodium chloride solution to a suitable co 8.

COATING THE MARROWPREP® FILTER BAG WITH ACD-A 1. Transfer the ACD-A solution to the scrub tech/nurse.

- Inansier the ACD-A solution to the scrub technicise.
 Close the white slide clamp between the filter and the Marro Prep® filter b
- Bemove and discard the red cap from the input valve on the MarrowPrep® filter bag з.
- Inject 2 mL of ACD-A into the M Figure 1. row to b wPrep [®] filter bag for every 30 mL of bone mar e collected, a



Figure 1: Injecting ACD-into the MarrowPrep®

5. Mix the contents of the Marro Pro o® filt aa the t ACD-A co

OLLECTING THE BONE MARROW ASPIRATE (RECOMMENDATIONS) Use a sharp BMA aspiration needle to gain initial entry into the bone marrow space (approximately 2 cm), as shown in igure 2



Figure 2: Gaining entry into the bone marrow

- Replace the sharp stylet with the blunt stylet (11 G needle only) if necessary, and advance the needle further into the bone marrow space.
- Remove the stylet from the BMA aspiration needle, and attach one of the BMA aspiration syringes that was rinsed with the heparin/sodium chloride solution.
- 4. Complete the following steps to aspirate the bone marrow into the BMA aspiration syringe
 - a. Draw up a small volume with one pull on the BMA aspiration syringe; rotating the plunger allows small vacuum steps to ease aspiration.

- b. Rotate 90° and withdraw the BMA a one pull on the syringe. d draw an a
- c. After the BMA aspiration syringe is fill aspiration syringe to the needle. e it from the B
- d. Repeat steps a through c until each BMA aspiration syringe is filled.
 Note: Redirect the aspiration needle as necessary. Rinse the BMA aspiration ne heparin/sodium chloride solution before each attempt at puncture and re-entry. edle and the stylet with th

TERING THE BONE MARROW ASPIRATE Attach the BMA aspiration syringe to the input value aspirate into the bag, as shown in Figure 3. ve on the MarrowPrep® filter bag, and inje ect the br





- 2. Mix the contr large aggreg gregates or clots. If you obs erating procedure. tents of the MarrowPrep® filter bag thoroughly and inspect for large agg gates or clots, record the observation per your institution's standard op
 - Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the MarrowPrep® filter bag co ntains the desired volume of bone marrow as
- Open the white slide clamp and gently squeeze the filter chamber to allow the bone marrow aspirate to enter the filter chamber.
- 5. Mix the contents of the MarrowPrep® filter bag thoroughly.
- Attach a BMA transfer syringe to the output valve on the MarrowPrep® filter bag, and fill the syringe, as shown in Figure 4. 6.



- at you ha Attach a blunt p 6 and 7 as nece
- Pa s the BMA transfer syringe(s) out of the st

PREPARING THE PROCESS DISPOSABLE

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Caution: Always follow aseptic technique when entering a sterile container; wipe all ACD-A access sites and proces disposable chamber access sites (white and red ports) with an alcohol pad prior to entry, to maintain sterility and to a ntamination co

- Remove the process disposable(s) from the packaging and place it on an appropriate v rkspad
- Insert the BMA transfer syringe into the red port on the process disposable, as shown in Figure 5, and dispense the contents into the marrow chamber at approximately 1 mL per second. Do not overfill the process disposable. To av disologing the red port: Make sure the needle is centered in and perpendicular to the port.

 - Do not push down on the port or use excessive force w marrow aspirate. her inserting the needle or dispensing the bo en eit



Figure 5: Dispensing to bone marrow aspirate

ING THE BONE MARROW ASPIRATE IN THE SMARTPREP® CENTRIFUGE SYSTEM SmartPrep® Centrifuge System operator's manual for additional information concerning SmartPrep system operation and maintenance, contraindication, warnings, and cautions.

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Jution: To ensure that the system is balanced when you load a process disposable, always load either another pro sposable of equal volume or a corresponding balance weight in the opposite rotor bucket. Jution: If the system is not loaded properly, an imbalance will cocur, and the system will stop the processing cycle aution: Do not force a process disposable into a rotor bucket. A process disposable should fit snugly but should n quire excessive force to install. If there is resistance, check for obstructions in the rotor and/or debris on the proces sposable, and ensure that the process disposable is properly oriented in the rotor bucket.

- Press the LID button to open the lid.
- 2. Load the process disposable(s) into the rotor buckets
- If needed, load the appropriate balance weight into the opposing rotor buck Rotate the process disposable so the white dot is facing the center of the ro з.
- 4.
- 5. Ensure that the process disposable is properly seated and aligned.
- Close the lid, and make sure the LID OPEN indicator is not illuminate
- 7. Press the BMAC® button to start the processing cycle. The total processing time is approximately 14 minut
- When the proce 8. sing cycle is complete, press the LID button to open the lid.

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Caution: After processing on the SmartPrep[®] Centrifuge System, make sure the process disposable is properly supported in an upright position. Tilting or tipping it could cause fluids to spill from one chamber into another and processing results.

s disposable and keep it in an upright position when h Ca n in Figu 9. efully remov andling, as sho re 6



Figure 6: Process disposable in an upright position to maintain separation

ESUSPENDING THE CELLS

adjust the volume of plasma used for resuspending the cells, you can remove a syringe/cannula spacer from a plasma syring. The spacers determine the volume of fluid that is withdrawn from the plasma chamber. Use the ormation in the following table to determine how many spacers to remove to achieve a certain volume of fluid in the smar damber.

Adjusting the volume of plasma for resuspending cells				
	Volume of fluid in the plasma chamber for resuspension	Number of spacers to remove		
30 mL Process Disposable	10 mL	None (use 2 spacers that remain)		
	3 mL	1 (use 1 spacer that remains)		
60 mL Process Disposable	10 mL	None (use 2 spacers that remain)		
	7 ml	1 (use 1 season that remains)		

If you remove more spacers than recommended, you could disturb the cell layer at the base of the plasma chan Using the gradations on the plasma syringe, you can dispense a known volume of plasma back into the plasma to adjust the final volume of the concentrate.

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Caution: Always follow aseptic technique when entering a sterile container; wipe all ACD-A access sites and proces disposable chamber access sites (white and red ports) with an alcohol pad prior to entry, to maintain sterility and to a contamination.

- If necessary, remove a spacer from the plasma syringe without touching the cannula. Use an alcohol pad to wipe the white port of the process disposable with a circular motion prior to entry. 2.
- з.
- Insert the plasma syringe with the blunt cannula and spacers into the white port on the process disposable. Withdraw the supernatant from the plasma chamber of the process disposable without disturbing the lower as shown in Figure 7. Withdraw the supernatant until you observe bubbles in the syringe.



Figure 7: Withdraw the supernatant

- Withdraw the remaining pla ma into the BMAC® syringe with a blunt cannula and no spa
- Gently inject the fluid into and withdraw it out of the plasma chamber, as shown in Figure 8. Repeat this 2 tr until the cells are visibly suspended in the plasma.



Figure 8: Gently injecting and withdrawing the fluid

- Once the cells are suspended, draw the total volume into the BMAC® syringe.
- Observe the base and wails of the plasma chamber to confirm that all cells have been drawn into the BMAC⁴ syrin Transfer the BMAC⁴ into the sterile field by connecting the BMAC⁴ syringe to the luer lock connector on the BMAC receiving syringe, as shown in Figure 9. 9.



Figure 9: Transferring the BMAC[®] into the sterile field

 STORAGE CONDITIONS

 Long-term Storage Range: 15 °C to 25 °C (59 °F to 77 °F)

 Permitted Excursions: -20 °C to 20 °C (-4 °F to 68 °F) for up to 72 hours, Up to 50 °C (122 °F) for 1 we

LATEX AND PYROGEN STATEMENTS This product is not made with natural rubber latex. The fluid pathways are non-pyrogen

RETURN OF USED PRODUCT If for any reason this product must be returned to Globus Medical, a returned authorization (an RA number) is required from Globus Medical prior to shipping.

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE HEALTH CARE INSTITUTION TO ADEQUATELY PREPARE AND IDENTIFY THE PRODUCT FOR RETURN SHIPMENT.

Please contact your local representative for information regarding returned goods and product complaints

SYMBOL TRANSLATION					
REF	CATALOGUE NUMBER	STERILE R EO A &	COMPONENTS STERILIZED USING MULTIPLE METHODS		
LOT	LOT NUMBER	Ĩ	CONSULT INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE		
Â	CAUTION		MANUFACTURER		
8	SINGLE USE ONLY	Σ	USE BY (YYYY-MM-DD)		
(TEN P	DO NOT RESTERILIZE	X	TEMPERATURE RANGE		
1	PRODUCT QUANTITY	8	DO NOT USE IF PACKAGE IS DAMAGED		
Rx ONLY	PRESCRIPTION ONLY				